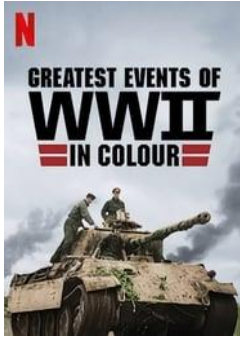


Name: _____

Period: _____



Among the greatest gambles in military history, Japan's audacious attack on Pearl Harbor cripples the Pacific fleet and brings the U.S. into the war.

Greatest Events of WW2 in Colour: Episode 3- Pearl Harbor

1.) The largest gathering of naval air power in history sets out on a top-secret mission. Thirty ships, carrying 408 airplanes and 16,000 men are traveling 4,000 miles across the Pacific Ocean. They're heading to attack a country _____ times richer and more powerful than their own.

2.) What convinced the Japanese that they should be a world power?

3.) Having recently transformed their feudal society into a parliamentary democracy, they hope their new politics will help align them with the _____

4.) There's this poisonous brew of militarism and _____ against the West.

5.) Inspired by ancient _____ codes and traditions, a far-right nationalist movement gains traction.

6.) Hideki Tojo is a fierce military fighter, and he has a vision for how to transform an impoverished Japan into a rich and powerful _____.

7.) Japan had very few natural resources. No oil to speak of, no _____, nothing in the way of the fuels that were essential to be a great power.

8.) The West had stolen, occupied, taken- pick your verb- land all over _____, and so to be denied the same privilege seemed to the Japanese to be Western hypocrisy.

9.) Within weeks, thousands of Chinese citizens had been killed at the hands of the Japanese Army. When reports of systematic rape and civilian _____ in the city of Nanking surface, the world is horrified.

10.) Winston Churchill realized that their only realistic hope of the West prevailing over Hitler, was if the _____ could come into the war.

11.) Blessed by simple geography, that being thousands of miles from other countries, gave it a sense of safety. Europe was regarded as a place that was _____ at war.

- 12.) Roosevelt's goal in 1940 was to provide the raw materials. The airplanes, the tanks, the shipping, the equipment, the ammunition, the oil, that would allow _____ to hold on.
- 13.) Roosevelt begins to take the most extraordinary risks with American ships in the Atlantic, to try and make the Germans fire the _____ shot.
- 14.) When his Pacific naval fleet go to Hawaii for training, he takes the unusual step of keeping them there. The United States Pacific Fleet was largely based in _____. Roosevelt figured that if he moves the fleet and keep it permanently at Pearl Harbor, that would be a loaded gun.
- 15.) Hawaii is a great place to be able to have fun. In the off hours, they're having picnics, they're going out dancing. They're going to the clubs; they're just having a really _____ time.
- 16.) The geography provides the fleet with natural _____.
- 17.) Admiral Kimmel is now in charge of the _____.
- 18.) Tojo and his colleagues see an opportunity to take advance of the chaos. They join forces with Hitler and Mussolini in an historic pact, promising to support each other's _____ efforts.
- 19.) Empowered the Japanese Army decides to continue their imperial _____.
- 20.) When France falls to the Nazi's, Japan seizes the opportunity to invade French _____.
- 21.) Roosevelt imposes harsh sanctions. Suspending all American exports to Japan, including oil. Knowing that Japan gets 80% of their _____ from America.
- 22.) Japan turns to a new source of oil, much closer to home. But it's in the hands of another western country. What is that country? _____
- 23.) The idea was not to defeat the United States, it was to _____ out the United States.
- 24.) Yamamoto believes Japan's only chance of victory in the Pacific is to go straight for the jugular. Taking out the American Pacific Fleet, now enticingly stationed at _____.
- 25.) It was 3,000 miles from Japan. Would take them 12 days to get there, on any one of which they could have been spotted. They would have to refuel at sea repeatedly. Which is an extremely difficult operation. And perhaps the greatest difficulty was keeping the whole thing a _____.
- 26.) Meanwhile in Washington, American intelligence has broken Japan's secret communication code, and it's clear from the messages that Tojo is gearing up for _____.
- 27.) In Hawaii, there were more people of Japanese ancestry, than any other nationality, including native _____.
- 28.) Of the thousands of Japanese residents on Hawaii, one was Takeo Yoshikawa. A Japanese citizen, a naval officer, who'd been living on the island for eight months working as a _____.
- 29.) Radar was a new invention in _____.
- 30.) The private had in fact spotted _____ planes that comprised the first wave of Japanese aircraft heading directly towards them.

- 31.) Pearl Harbor happens on a quiet Sunday morning. When American sailors are going about their business as if it is any other Sunday at _____ time.
- 32.) The Japanese target the airfields first, taking out any defense planes before they have a change to _____ back.
- 33.) Knowing that Pearl Harbor was impervious to torpedoes, in the weeks leading up to the attack, the Japanese had come up with an ingenious solution. They built a brand-new type of torpedo that can be dropped in _____ water.
- 34.) Half an hour before the Japanese planes arrived, Kimmel received a phone call that an enemy submarine had been spotted and destroyed by an American ship just outside Pearl Harbor. Despite the warning, he'd failed to prepare for an _____.
- 35.) By 9:45 am, the attack is over. In just two hours, the Japanese had dropped hundreds of bombs and dozens of torpedoes to cripple the American Pacific Fleet. 328 American aircraft are put out of action, 19 navy ships are destroyed and in total, _____ Americans would be killed.
- 36.) Within 24 hours, Japan _____ Hong Kong, Thailand, Malaysia and the Philippines, and quickly drive south.
- 37.) By total chance, America's three Pacific aircraft carriers had _____ been in Pearl Harbor on the morning of December the 7th.
- 38.) People want to be involved in this war. People are rushing to the recruiting stations. A country like the United States is never going to be brought to its knees as the result of losing _____ battle.
- 39.) With Anti-Japanese feeling at an all-time high, President Franklin Roosevelt grasped the opportunity to unite the country for the fight _____.
- 40.) Less than a week after the Pearl Harbor attack, united and galvanized, America is now a fully-fledged _____ in World War 2.
- 41.) In three months, half of the ships thought to have been destroyed during the attack are returned to _____. Eventually, all but three will be fully repaired.

Timeline of December 7, 1941

- 6:00 a.m.- The first wave of Japanese fighter planes take off from ships anchored north of Hawaii.
- 6:26 a.m.- Japanese planes start to see Oahu, and the sunrise, but are fighting to see, due to the overcast skies.
- 7:02 a.m. hours- A training army lieutenant, is training in the radio-network operations center, at Fort Shafter, when he spots planes about 70 miles away from Hawaii, but he doesn't report it to his trainer.
- 7:33 a.m.- Code breakers in Washington, decode a message sent from Japan, which makes them think they want to fight. They send this message to Hawaii, but it won't reach them, until after the fact.
- 7:49 a.m.- Commander Mitsuo Fuchida issues the attack, be exclaiming, "Tora! Tora! Tora!," which means they have surprised their enemy.
- 7:55 a.m.- The first wave of Japanese planes bomb the anchorage, striking the Helena, Utah, and Oklahoma battleships.
- 8:10 a.m.- President Roosevelt hears of the attacks
- 8:35 a.m.- The first wave of attacks ends
- 8:50 a.m.- United States Secretary of State, Cordell Hull, receives a note from the Japanese government, calling of all peace treaties, and alliances
- 8:54 a.m.- The second wave of attacks start
- 10:00 a.m.- The first wave of planes, reach their ships victoriously.